



CODE OF ETHICS

Code of Ethics &
Good Practice for
Young People's
Krav Maga

KMG IRELAND

KMG Ireland's Code of Ethics & Good Practice for Young People's Krav Maga

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The guidelines in this document are based on the national guidelines as outlined in the following documents:

- Code of Ethics and Good Practice for Children's Sport, Irish Sports Council and Sports Council Northern Ireland, 2000, (reviewed in 2006).
- Children First: National Guidelines for the Protection and Welfare of Children, Dept. of Health & Children 1999
- Our Duty to Care, Dept. of Health & Children 2002

For Northern Ireland Clubs and organisations reference should also be made to

Children (NI) Order, 1995

Co-operating to Safeguard Children, 2003

Area Child Protection Committee Regional Policy and Procedures, 2005

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Core Values of Krav Maga for Young People

The work of KMG Ireland is based on the following principles that guide the development of Krav Maga for young people in our clubs, (as outlined in page 9, *Code of Ethics and Good Practice for Children's Sport*). Young People's experience of Krav Maga should be guided by what is best for the young person. The stages of development and the ability of the young person should guide the types of activity provided within the club. Adults will need to have a basic understanding of the needs of young people, including physical, emotional and personal.

Integrity in relationships:

Adults interacting with young people in Krav Maga should do so with integrity and respect for the child. There is a danger that Krav Maga contexts can be used to exploit or undermine children. All adult actions in Krav Maga should be guided by what is best for the child and in the context of quality, open working relationships. Verbal, physical, emotional or sexual abuse of any kind is unacceptable within Krav Maga.

Quality atmosphere and ethos

Krav Maga for young people should be conducted in a safe, positive and encouraging atmosphere. A child-centred ethos will help to ensure that competition and specialisation are kept in their appropriate place.

Equality

All children should be treated in an equitable and fair manner regardless of age, ability, sex, religion, social and ethnic background or political persuasion. Children with disability should be involved in sports activities in an integrated way, thus allowing them to participate to their potential alongside other children.

Fair Play:

Fair play is the guiding principle of the Code of Ethics and Good Practice for Children's Sport and KMG Ireland supports this principle.

All children's activities should be conducted in an atmosphere of fair play. Ireland has contributed and is committed to the European Code of Sports Ethics, which defines fair play as:

“much more than playing within the rules. It incorporates the concepts of friendship, respect for others and always playing with the right spirit. Fair play is defined as a way of thinking, not just behaving. It incorporates issues concerned with the elimination of cheating, gamesmanship, doping, violence (both physical & verbal), exploitation, unequal opportunities, excessive commercialisation and corruption”.

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(European Sports Charter and Code of Ethics, Council of Europe, 1993).

Competition & Grading

A balanced approach to competition and grading can make a significant contribution to the development of young people, while at the same time providing fun, enjoyment and satisfaction. However, often demands are placed on children too early, which results in excessive levels of pressure on them. This can contribute to a high level of drop out from sport. Instructors should aim to put the welfare of the child first with competitive standards and grading achievements coming second.

Policy Statement

KMG Ireland is fully committed to safeguarding the well being of its members. Every individual in KMG Ireland clubs should at all times, show respect and understanding for members rights, safety and welfare and conduct themselves in a way that reflects the principles of the organisation and the guidelines contained in this document.

In KMG Ireland, our first priority is the welfare of the young people who train with us and we are committed to providing an environment which will allow participants to perform to the best of their ability - free from bullying and intimidation.

KMG Ireland recognises that teaching Krav Maga to young people carries a great duty of care. All of our instructors who plan to work with children are required to familiarise themselves with the guidelines in this document and the Irish Sports Council's *Code of Ethics and Good Practice for Children's Sport*. They are required to attend "Code of Ethics Awareness Training" workshops conducted by local sports partnerships and councils - they must also complete the Garda Vetting Process which is available through KMG Ireland and the Federation of Irish Sport.

Code of Conduct for Young People

KMG Ireland wishes to provide the best possible environment for all young people involved in Krav Maga. Young people deserve to be given enjoyable, safe sporting opportunities, free of abuse of any kind. These participants have rights, which must be respected, and responsibilities that they must accept. Young people should be encouraged to realise that they have responsibilities to treat other participants and sports leaders with fairness and respect.

Young participants are entitled to:

- Be listened to
- Be believed
- Be safe and to feel safe
- Be treated with dignity, sensitivity and respect
- Have a voice in the club
- Participate on an equal basis
- Be happy, have fun and enjoy sport
- Experience competition at a level at which they feel comfortable
- Make complaints and have them dealt with
- Get help against bullies
- Say No
- To protect their own bodies
- Confidentiality

Young participants should always:

- Treat Instructors and Assistants with respect
- Train fairly at all times, do their best
- Respect other participants, even when things go wrong
- Respect opponents & training partners, be gracious in defeat
- Abide by the rules set down by instructors when travelling to away events.
- Behave in a manner that avoids bringing Krav Maga into disrepute
- Talk to Children's Officer or designated Contact Person if they have any problems.

Young participants should never:

- Cheat
- Use violence or physical contact that is not allowed within the rules
- Shout or argue with other participants, instructors or examiners
- Harm other participants or their property
- Bully or use bullying tactics to isolate another participant
- Use unfair or bullying tactics to gain advantage
- Take banned substances
- Keep secrets, especially if they have been caused harm
- Tell lies about adults / young people
- Spread rumours

Guidelines for Parents

KMG Ireland believes that parents should....

Be a role model for your child and maintain the highest standards of conduct when interacting with children, other parents, instructors and organisers

Always behave responsibly and do not seek to unfairly affect the grading system

Never intentionally expose any young participant to embarrassment or disparagement by the use of flippant or sarcastic remarks

Always recognise the value and importance of the instructors and assistants who provide training opportunities for your child. Do not publicly question the judgement or honesty of instructors. Respect instructors and other participants.

Encourage your child to train by the rules. Teach your child that honest endeavour is as important as success and do all you can to encourage good sportsmanship.

Parents should support all efforts to remove abusive behaviour and bullying behaviour in all its forms. Please read KMG Ireland's bullying policy.

Parents Code of Conduct:

1. I will respect the rules and procedures set down in KMG Ireland's Code of Ethics for Young People in Krav Maga.
2. I will respect my child's fellow students, parents, assistants and instructors as well as students, parents, assistants and instructors from other clubs. I will encourage my child to treat other participants and instructors with respect.
3. I will give encouragement and applaud only positive accomplishments whether from my child, his/her fellow students and instructors.

4. I will respect my child's instructor(s) and support his/her efforts

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5. I will respect the instructors and their authority during sessions and events

6. I will never demonstrate threatening or abusive behaviour or use foul language.

Guidelines for Instructors and Assistant Instructors:

Instructors in young people's Krav Maga should strive to create a positive environment for the children in their care. They have an overall responsibility to take the necessary steps to ensure that positive and healthy experiences are provided.

KMG Ireland recognises the key role instructors, assistants and parents play in the lives of young people in Krav Maga.

All instructors should have children's safety and enjoyment of Krav Maga as their first priority and should adhere to the guidelines and regulations set out in KMG Ireland's Code of Ethics.

Instructors must respect the rights, dignity and worth of every child and must treat everyone equally, regardless of sex, ethnic origin, religion or ability.

Instructors working with young people in Krav Maga should be suitable and appropriately qualified. Instructors will be expected to go through appropriate recruitment and selection procedures, (see application and reference forms overleaf), that apply to all persons with substantial access to young people, whether paid or unpaid. References will be needed and will be followed up.

There will be a 'sign-up' procedure, whereby the appointed/reappointed instructors and assistants agree to abide by the *Code of Ethics and Good Practice for Young People in Krav Maga* and to the policies and code of KMG Ireland.

Instructors will be given a copy of KMG Ireland's Code of Ethics and they should be made aware of the procedures contained within KMG Ireland's code.

Once appointed, the instructor must act as a role model and promote the positive aspects of Krav Maga and maintain the highest standards of personal conduct.

The use of drugs, alcohol and tobacco must be actively discouraged as being incompatible with a healthy approach to sporting activity.

Remember your behaviour towards students and instructors will have an effect on the young people in your care.

Be generous with praise and never ridicule or shout at participants for making mistakes. All young participants are entitled to respect.

Be careful to avoid the “star system”. Each child deserves equal time and attention.

Care must be taken not to expose a child intentionally or unintentionally to embarrassment or disparagement by use of sarcastic or flippant remarks about the child or his/her family.

Physical punishment or physical force must never be used. Never punish a mistake - by verbal means, physical means, or exclusion.

Insist that participants in your care respect the rules. Insist on fair play and ensure participants are aware you will not tolerate cheating or bullying behaviour.

Remember that young participants train for fun and enjoyment and that skill development and personal satisfaction have priority over highly structured competition.

Encourage the development of respect for students, assistants and instructors - avoid criticism of fellow instructors.

When travel/overnight travel is involved, the instructors and assistants traveling with children must sign a separate agreement. Parents and participants will also be asked to sign permission forms in these instances.

Instructors are responsible for setting and monitoring the boundaries between a working relationship and friendship with students. It is advisable for instructors not to involve young players in their personal life, i.e. visits to instructor’s home or overnight stays.

Avoid working alone and ensure there is adequate supervision for all activities.

It is important to realise that certain situations or friendly actions could be misinterpreted by the participant or by outsiders.

When approached to take on a new participant, ensure that any previous instructor-student relationship has been ended by the student/others in a professional manner.

When young participants are invited into adult groups, it is advisable to get agreement from a parent/carer. Boundaries of behaviour in adult groups are normally different from the boundaries that apply to junior groups/squads.

Instructors who become aware of a conflict between their obligation to their students and their obligation to KMG Ireland must make explicit the nature of the conflict and the loyalties and responsibilities involved, to all parties concerned.

Instructors should communicate and co-operate with medical and ancillary practitioners in the diagnosis, treatment and management of their students' medical or related problems. Avoid giving advice of a personal or medical nature if you are not qualified to do so. Any information of a personal or medical nature must be kept strictly confidential unless the welfare of the child requires the passing on of this information

The nature of the relationship between Instructor and a participant can often mean that an Instructor will learn confidential information about a participant or participant's family. This information must be regarded as confidential and except where abuse is suspected, must not be divulged to a third party without the express permission of the participant/family

Set realistic goals and do not push young participants. Create a safe and enjoyable environment

Do not criticise other assistants or instructors. You are the role model for the children in your care

Instructors should avoid the use of alcohol, before coaching, during events, on trips with young players

Instructors and Assistant Instructors Code of Conduct

Instructors should familiarise themselves with the *Code of Ethics and Good Practice for Children's Sport* and with the KMG Ireland Code of Conduct and follow the procedures if they suspect or receive complaints of abuse of any sort

Instructors should be

- Positive during session, praise and encourage effort as well as results
- Plan and prepare appropriately
- Put welfare of young person first - strike a balance between this and results
- Encourage fair play, treat participants equally
- Recognise developmental needs
- Qualified and up-to-date with knowledge and skill in Krav Maga for young people
- Involve parents where possible and Inform parents when problems arise
- Keep record of attendance at training
- Keep a brief record of injury(s) and action taken
- Keep a brief record of problem/action/outcomes, if behavioural problems arise
- Be able to maintain appropriate boundaries. Where practice requires unusual/extra contact, explain to the student and request permission. Make contact visible at all times.

Where possible, Instructors should avoid:

- Spending excessive amounts of time with children away from others
- Taking sessions alone
- Taking children to their home
- Taking children on journey's alone in their car

Instructors should not:

- Use any form of punishment or physical force on a child
- Exert undue influence over a participant in order to obtain personal benefit or reward
- Engage in sexually provocative games or allow or engage in inappropriate touching of any kind, and /or make sexually suggestive comments about, or to a child

- Take measurements or engage in certain types of fitness testing without the presence of another adults
- Undertake any form of therapy (hypnosis etc.) in the training of children

Disciplinary, Complaints and Appeals Procedure

- KMG Ireland, on receiving a complaint, should appoint a disciplinary committee to resolve problems relating to the conduct of its members. This should include bullying. The complaint should be in writing to the secretary or Contact Person and should be responded to within 5 working days. The committee should consist of the KMG Ireland Director, the Children's Officer/Contact Person and ordinary registered members of the club.
- If the complaint involves suspected abuse or a criminal offence the Children's Officer/Contact Person should be consulted and the disciplinary committee disbanded. The statutory authorities will then be informed
- The disciplinary committee should review any relevant paper work and hold any necessary meetings with all parties to proceed with complaints into any incident of suspected misconduct that does not relate to child abuse. This should be done within 10 working days
- The disciplinary committee should furnish the individual with the nature of the complaint being made against him/her and afford him/her the opportunity of providing a response either verbally or in writing, but usually at a meeting with the disciplinary committee
- Written confidential records of all complaints should be safely and confidentially kept and club procedures should be defined for the possession of such records in the event of election of new officers
- Where it is established that an incident of misconduct has taken place, the disciplinary committee should notify the member of any sanction being imposed. The notification should be made in writing, setting out the reasons for the sanction. If the member is under 18 years of age, correspondence should be addressed to the parents/guardians

- If the member against whom the complaint was made is unhappy with the decision of the disciplinary committee s/he should have the right to appeal the decision to an appeals committee (independent of a disciplinary committee) – the appeals committee will be made up of ordinary registered members of the club. Any appeal should be made in writing within an agreed period after issue, usually 10 days of the decision of the disciplinary committee. The appeals committee should consult with the Children’s Officer/Contact Person in relation to issues of child welfare and codes of conduct. The appeals committee should have the power to confirm, set aside or change any sanction imposed by the disciplinary committee
- If any party is not satisfied with the outcome the matter can be referred to the Governing Body, Krav Maga Global in Israel. However efforts to resolve the issue at local level should be exhausted before Krav Maga Global is engaged in attempts to resolve the matter
- See Code of Ethics and Good Practice for Children's Sport, page 22 and page 42 for 'Discipline in Children's Sport'

Recruitment and Selection Policy

KMG Ireland will take all reasonable steps to ensure that instructors and assistants are appropriately qualified and suitable to work with young people. These procedures apply to all persons with substantial access to young people, whether paid or unpaid.

The responsibilities of the role and the level of experience/qualifications required should be drawn up and clearly stated beforehand.

Applicants should complete an application form which should include a self-declaration section/form.

Formal vetting procedures should be availed of – these are currently available through KMG Ireland in partnership with the Federation of Irish Sport.

References should be verified by KMG Ireland

A probationary period is advisable and should be established through an informal interview, which can be used to assess the instructor's commitment and interest to the club

Every effort should be made to manage and support instructors and assistants, including awareness of the code of conduct.

A decision to appoint an Instructor or Assistant is the responsibility of KMG Ireland and not of any one individual within it. The KMG Ireland Director should ratify all recommendations for appointment.

When storing information in relation to applicants, information should be treated as sensitive and confidential. It should be kept in a secure place that is only accessible to the relevant officials of KMG Ireland.

Bullying Policy

This is adapted from the Scout Association of Ireland's Child Protection Policy

What is Bullying?

Bullying can be defined as repeated aggression be it verbal, psychological or physical conducted by an individual or group against others.

It is behaviour that is intentionally aggravating and intimidating and occurs mainly in social environments such as schools, clubs and other organisations working with children and young people. It includes behaviours such as teasing, taunting, threatening, hitting and extortion behaviour by one or more children against a victim.

How would you know if a child is being bullied?

All bullies operate using furtiveness, threats and fear. Bullying can therefore only survive in an environment where the victim does not feel empowered to tell someone who can help or in which it is not safe to do so.

The following indicators are warning signs that a young person might be getting bullied.

- Reluctance to come to a venue or take part in activities
- Physical signs (unexplained bruises, scratches, or damage to belongings)
- Stress-caused illness – headaches, and stomach aches which seem unexplained
- Fearful behaviour (fear of walking to a meeting, going different routes, asking to be driven)
- Frequent loss of, or shortage of, money with vague explanations
- Having few friends
- Changes in behaviour (withdrawn, stammering, moody, irritable, upset, distressed)
- Not eating
- Attempting suicide or hinting at suicide
- Anxiety (shown by nail-biting, fearfulness, tics)

There are other possible reasons for many of the above

Who should deal with bullying?

While the more extreme forms of bullying would be regarded as physical or emotional abuse and are reported to the health board or An Garda Síochana, dealing with bullying behaviour is normally the responsibility of all Instructors within KMG Ireland.

How can it be prevented?

- Ensure that all members follow the code of conduct, which promotes the rights and dignity of each member.
- Deal with any incidents as they arise.
- Use a whole group policy or 'no-blame approach', i.e., not 'bullying the bully' but working with bullies and the group of young people, helping them to understand the hurt they are causing, and so make the problem a 'shared concern' of the group, (see below)
- Reinforce that there is 'a permission to tell' culture rather than a 'might is right'
- Encourage young people to negotiate, co-operate and help others, particularly new or different children
- Offer the victim immediate support and put the 'no blame approach' into operation
- Never tell a young person to ignore bullying, they can't ignore it, it hurts too much
- Never encourage a young person to take the law into their own hands and beat the bully at their own game
- Tell the victim there is nothing wrong with them and it is not their fault

What is the 'No Blame' Approach?

Step 1 – Interview with the victim

If you find that there has been an incident of bullying, first talk to the victim. At this stage find out who was involved and what the victim is now feeling. Try asking the following questions:

- Was it verbal or physical intimidation?
- How hurt is the victim?
- Was it within his/her own peer group?
- Assure the victim that his/her name will not come out in the investigation
- Actively listen

Step 2 – Meet with all involved

Arrange to meet with all those involved; this should include some bystanders, those who may have colluded, those who joined in and those who initiated the bullying.

- Have a maximum of six to eight in the group – keep the number controllable
- Make a point of calling a ‘special’ meeting
- Ensure the severity of the topic is understood by all
- Speak only of the hurt caused in general terms with no reference to the victim
- Play on the conscience of all – ask questions like: How would you feel? Would you like it done to you?

Step 3 – Explain the problem

The distress being suffered as a result of the bullying incident is explained. At this stage the details of the incident or the allocation of the blame is not discussed. Explain the feelings of loneliness, feeling left out, rejected, laughed at. Try asking questions:

- Would they like it if it happened to them
- “Someone here in this group was bullied by someone within the group, what could we do to see it does not happen again?”
- Listen, watch out for reactions, and pick up on any without isolating anyone

Step 4 – Share the responsibility

Explain what steps / controls may have to be introduced to prevent further incidents and how everyone will lose out as a result

Step 5 – Ask the group for their ideas

At this stage the group is encouraged to suggest ways that would make the victim feel happier. All positive responses are noted. Use phrases “if it were you” to encourage a response. Listen to all suggestions and note them

Step 6 – Leave it to them

Now the problem has been identified, solutions suggested, the problem is now handed over to the group to solve. Arrange to meet again in a week’s time. Pass responsibility over to the group and give a time frame within which something must be done

Step 7 – Meet them again

Each member of the group, including the bully, discuss how things are going, who is doing what and have there been other incidents. This allows for continual monitoring and also keeps all involved in the process.

Again enforce the idea of the ‘team’ looking after each other at regular intervals to ensure it is known that bullying or intimidating behaviour will not be tolerated.

Guidelines on General Issues**Transport**

There is extra responsibility on instructors when they transport young people to events. Adults should:

- Ensure that there is adequate insurance cover on their car, they follow the rules of the road, including legal use of seat belts
- Not carry more than the permitted number of passengers
- Avoid being alone with one participant, put passenger in the back seat, have central drop off locations or seek parental permission to transport an individual participant on a regular basis and clearly state times of pick- up and drop off. Parents should check with young people about the plans and be happy with the transport arrangements

General Supervision

- Make sure there is an adequate adult: child ratio. Instructors should try to have more than one adult present. The number of adults needed will depend on the nature of the activity, the age of the participants and any special needs of the group. As a guide a ratio of 1:8 for under 12 years of age and 1:10 for participants over 12 years of age. This is only a guide and will change depending on the circumstances, e.g. water sports or adventure sports, athletes with special needs or away trips
- Where there are mixed groups there should be leaders of both genders
- Avoid being alone with one participant, if you need to talk separately do so in an open environment, in view of others
- In changing rooms, ask parents to take responsibility and supervise in pairs of appropriate gender
- Instructors should not need to enter the changing rooms unless children are very young or need special assistance, where supervision should be in pairs of appropriate gender
- Clearly state time for start and end of training sessions or competitions, Instructors should not be left alone with young people at the end of sessions. If there are late collections Instructors should remain in pairs until participants have left.
- Keep attendance records and record of any incidents / injuries that arise

- Ask parents to stay and supervise sessions, (for safety and supervision, not necessarily for their 'technical' expertise)

Overnight & Away trips

- Separate permission forms should be signed by parents and participants, containing emergency contact number
- Young participants should sign a behaviour agreement
- Appoint a group leader who will make a report on returning home
- A meeting with parents and participants is useful to communicate travel times, competition details, other activities, gear requirements, medical requirements, special dietary needs and any other necessary details
- Rooming arrangements – adults should not share rooms with children, children share rooms with those of same age and gender and adults should knock before entering rooms
- All group socialisation should take place in communal areas (i.e. no boys in girls' rooms and vice versa).
- Alcoholic drink, smoking or other illegal substances are forbidden to participants. Instructors should act as role models in this respect
- There must be at least one adult of each gender with a mixed party and there should be a good adult – child ratio, 1:5/6, and proper access to medical personnel
- Lights out times should be enforced
- Young participants should be under reasonable supervision at all times and should never leave the venue or go unsupervised without prior permission

Safety

All clubs / organisation should have a safety statement, including specific and potential risks attached to their sport. They should also have procedures in place for safeguarding against such risks. In addition clubs should:

- Ensure activities are suitable for age and stage of development of participants
- Keep a record of any specific medical conditions of the participants
- Keep a record of emergency contact numbers for parents / guardians
- Ensure any necessary protective gear is used
- Ensure First Aid kit is close at hand with access to qualified first-aider

- Know the contact numbers of emergency services
- Keep first aid kit stocked up
- Ensure easy access to medical personnel if needed and have an emergency plan
- If an incident occurs, make a brief record of injury and action taken. Make a brief record of the problem/action/outcome. Contact the participant's parents and keep them informed of all details
- Participants should know and keep the rules of training, keeping in mind that many rules are there for safety
- Instructors should hold appropriate qualifications required by KMG Ireland
- Ensure there is adequate insurance cover for all activities
- Ensure parents / guardians are present at finishing time of sessions or events

Physical Contact

Physical contact during sport should always be intended to meet the child's needs, NOT the adult's. The adult will probably use appropriate contact when the aim is to assist in development of the skill or activity or for safety reasons, e.g. to prevent or treat an injury. This should be in an open environment with the permission and understanding of the participant. In general:

- Contact should be determined by the age and developmental stage of the participant - Don't do something that a child can do for themselves
- Never engage in inappropriate touching such as touching of groin, genital areas, buttocks, breasts or any other part of the body that might cause a child distress or embarrassment

Use of Photographic Equipment & Mobile Phones

Each club should adopt a policy in relation to the use of images of students on their websites and other publications, as there have been concerns about the risks posed directly and indirectly to children and young people. Adults and instructors need to work together to prevent those wishing to cause such harm to young people. Remember having photographic and filming guidelines is not about preventing parents from taking pictures, it is to ensure that only those who have a right to take photographs do so. Anyone concerned about photography taking place at events or training sessions can contact the children's officer/contact person and ask them to deal with the matter.

The purpose is to reduce the risk of inappropriate, unsolicited attention from people within and outside Krav Maga. Group photographs where the club is identified rather than individuals are good for publicity without creating a risk to those in the photographs. As a guide try to remember the following: -

- If the participant is named, avoid using their photograph.
- If a photograph is used, avoid naming the participant.
- Ask for the participant's permission to use their image to ensure that they are aware of the way the image is to be used to represent Krav Maga.
- Ask for parental permission to use the participant's image to ensure that parents are aware of the way the image is to be used to represent Krav Maga. A permission form could be used or make an announcement at the start of an event.
- To reduce the risk of inappropriate use, only use images of participants in suitable dress. The content of the photograph should focus on the activity not on a particular child
- Talk to children's officer/contact person if you are worried about use of images

Amateur photographers/film/video operators wishing to record an event or practice session should seek accreditation with the children's officer, event organiser or leader of session. Permission forms should be available on site.

To ensure spectators and participants are informed of the policy, the KMG Ireland clubs should display the following information prior to the start of an event and where possible make an announcement over a tanoy.

“In line with the recommendation in the KMG Ireland Code of Conduct, the promoters of this event request that any person wishing to engage in any video, zoom or close range photography should register their details with the organisers. It is not advisable that children are photographed or filmed without their permission and/or the permission of their parent/guardian”.

Working in Partnership to protect young people

Photographs, when used with personal information, can be used as a means of identifying children. This practice can make a child vulnerable to an individual who may wish to “groom” that child for abuse. Furthermore the content of the photo can be used or adapted for inappropriate use. There is evidence of this adapted material finding its way onto child pornography sites. Adults and sports leaders need to work together to prevent those wishing to cause such harm to young people.

Mobile Phones

Mobile phones are often given to children for security, enabling parents to keep in touch and make sure they are safe. Young people value their phones highly as it offers them a sense of independence. In addition mobile phones allow quick and easy contact, which can make a safe and efficient way to carry out club business. However such technology has also allowed an increase in direct personal contact with young people, in some cases used to cross personal boundaries and cause harm to young people. Within clubs, there is a need to encourage responsible and secure use of mobile phones by adults and young people.

As a young person remember

- If you receive an offensive photo, email or message, do not reply, save it, make a note of times and dates and tell a parent or children’s officer/designated person within the club.
- Be careful about who you give your phone number to and don’t respond to unfamiliar numbers

- Change your phone number in cases of bullying or harassment
- Don't use the phone in certain locations; inappropriate use of your camera phone may cause upset or offence to another person, e.g. changing rooms
- Treat you phone as you would any other valuable item so that you guard against theft

As an Instructor remember

- Use group texts for communication among athletes and teams and inform parents of this at the start of the season
- It is not appropriate to have constant communication with individual athletes

Don't use the phone in certain locations; inappropriate use of your camera phone may cause upset or offence to another person, e.g. changing rooms

Child Welfare and Protection Procedures

KMG Ireland accepts that organisations, which include young people among its members, are vulnerable to the occurrence of child abuse. Below are the procedures for dealing with any welfare or protection issue that may arise. Child welfare and the protection of young people is the concern of all adults at all times, irrespective of their role within the organisation.

If there are grounds for concern (Code, page 44), about the safety or welfare of a young person you should react to the concern. Persons unsure about whether or not certain behaviours are abusive and therefore reportable, should contact the duty social worker in the local health service executive or social services department where they will receive advice. Grounds for concern include a specific indication from a child, a statement from a person who witnessed abuse or an illness, injury or behaviour consistent with abuse.

A report may be made by any member in the club but should be passed on to the Contact Person/Children's Officer who may in turn have to pass the concern to the local Statutory Authorities. It is not the responsibility of anyone working within KMG Ireland, in a paid or voluntary capacity, or those working in affiliated organisations, to take responsibility or decide whether or not child abuse is taking place. That is the job of the local statutory authorities. However, there is a responsibility to protect children by assisting the appropriate agencies so that they can then make enquiries and take any necessary action to protect the young person.

Everyone should follow both procedures outlined below, firstly the procedure for responding to a child in distress and secondly the procedure for reporting the concern.

Response to a Child Disclosing Abuse *(see Code page 46)***When a young person discloses information of suspected abuse you should:**

- (a) deal with any allegation of abuse in a sensitive and competent way through listening to and facilitating the child to tell about the problem, rather than interviewing the child about details of what happened
- (b) stay calm and not show any extreme reaction to what the child is saying. Listen compassionately, and take what the child is saying seriously

- (c) understand that the child has decided to tell something very important and has taken a risk to do so. The experience of telling should be a positive one so that the child will not mind talking to those involved in the investigation
- (d) be honest with the child and tell them that it is not possible that you keep information a secret
- (e) make no judgmental statements against the person whom the allegation is made
- (f) not question the child unless the nature of what s/he is saying is unclear. Leading questions should be avoided. Open, non-specific questions should be used such as “Can you explain to me what you mean by that”
- (g) check out the concerns with the parents/guardians before making a report unless during so would endanger the child or compromise an investigation
- (h) give the child some indication of what would happen next, such as informing parents/guardians, health service executive or social services. It should be kept in mind that the child may have been threatened and may feel vulnerable at this stage.
- (i) Carefully record the details
- (j) Pass on this information to the KMG Ireland Contact Person
- (k) Reassure the child that they have done the right thing in telling you

Reporting Suspected or Disclosed Child Abuse

The following steps should be taken in reporting child abuse to the statutory authorities:

- (a) Observe and note dates, times, locations and contexts in which the incident occurred or suspicion was aroused, together with any other relevant information
- (b) Report the matter as soon as possible to the Contact Person with responsibility for reporting abuse. If the Contact Person has reasonable grounds for believing that the child has been abused or is at risk of abuse, s/he will make a report to the health service executive/social services who have statutory responsibility to investigate and assess suspected or actual child abuse
- (c) In cases of emergency, where a child appears to be at immediate and serious risk and the Contact Person is unable to contact a duty social worker, the police authorities should be contacted. Under no circumstances should a child be left in a dangerous situation pending intervention by the Statutory Authorities

(d) If the Contact Person is unsure whether reasonable grounds for concern exist s/he can informally consult with the local health board/social services, (see code page 47).S/he will be advised whether or not the matter requires a formal report.

A Contact Person reporting suspected or actual child abuse to the Statutory Authorities will first inform the family of their intention to make such a report, unless doing so would endanger the child or undermine an investigation

The Protection for Persons Reporting Child Abuse Act, 1998 provides immunity from civil liability to persons who report child abuse 'reasonably and in good faith' to the Health Service Executive or the Gardai (See 5.13.1 – ISC. Code). The act also covers the offence of 'false reporting'. The main provisions of the Act are:

1. The provision of immunity from civil liability to any person who reports child abuse "reasonably and in good faith" to designated officers of Health Service Executive or any member of An Garda Síochána;
2. The provision of significant protections for employees who report child abuse. These protections cover all employees and all forms of discrimination up to and including, dismissal;
3. The creation of a new offence of false reporting of child abuse where a person makes a report of child abuse to the appropriate authorities "knowing that statement to be false". This is a new criminal offence designed to protect innocent persons from malicious reports.

This law does not exist in Northern Ireland, but an individual who reports concerns in 'good faith' is not deliberately attempting to slander another person's name. In Northern Ireland there is legislation, the Criminal Law Act (NI) 1967 which places the responsibility on everyone to report offences or to forward information to the police by emphasizing the, *'duty of every other person, who knows or believes, (a) that the offence or some other arrestable offences has been committed: and (b) that he has information which is likely to secure, or to be material assistance in securing, the apprehension, prosecution or conviction of any person for that offence'*

Allegations Against Instructors:

KMG Ireland has agreed procedures to be followed in cases of alleged child abuse against Instructors. If such an allegation is made against an Instructor working within KMG Ireland, two procedures should be followed:

- The reporting procedure in respect of suspected child abuse (reported by the contact person / children's officer), see previous page
- The procedure for dealing with the Instructor (carried out by the KMG Ireland Director, or a person not already involved with the child protection concern)

The safety of the child making the allegation should be considered and the safety of any other children who may be at risk. KMG Ireland should take any steps that may be necessary to protect children in its care.

The issue of confidentiality is important. Information is on a need to know basis and the Instructor should be treated with respect and fairness.

The reporting procedure

If the Contact Person has reasonable grounds for concern, (page 44, Section 5.10, Code), the matter should be reported to the local health board/social services, following the standard reporting procedure, (Section 5.12.1, page 45).

The Instructor

While the Contact Person makes the report to the local health board, the Director of KMG Ireland should deal with the Instructor in question.

- The Director should privately inform the Instructor that (a) an allegation has been made against him/her and (b) the nature of the allegation. He/she should be afforded an opportunity to respond. His/her response should be noted and passed on to the health board/social services.

- The Instructor should be asked to step aside pending the outcome of the investigation. When a person is asked to step aside it should be made clear that it is only a precautionary measure and will not prejudice any later disciplinary proceedings.

Krav Maga Global Head Office should be informed by the Contact Person that the instructor has been asked to stand aside

KMG Ireland can consider disciplinary action on the Instructor but should ensure that this does not interfere with the investigation of the Statutory Authorities. It is important that KMG Ireland consider the outcome of the investigation and any implications it might have. The fact that the alleged abuser has not been prosecuted or been found guilty does not mean that they are appropriate to work with young people in the future.

Confidentiality

Confidentiality should be maintained in respect of all issues and people involved in cases of abuse, welfare or bad practice. It is important that the rights of both the child and the person about whom the complaint has been made are protected.

The following points should be kept in mind:

- A guarantee of confidentiality or undertakings regarding secrecy cannot be given, as the welfare of the child will supersede all other considerations
- All information should be treated in a careful and sensitive manner and should be discussed only with those who need to know
- Information should be conveyed to the parents/guardians of the child in a sensitive way
- Giving information to others on a 'need to know' basis for the protection of a child is not a breach of confidentiality
- All persons involved in a child protection process (the child, his/her parents/guardians, the alleged offender, his/her family, Instructors) should be afforded appropriate respect, fairness, support and confidentiality at all stages of the procedure.
- Information should be stored in a secure place, with limited access only to designated people.
- The requirements of the Data Protection laws should be adhered to.
- Breach of confidentiality is a serious matter.

Anonymous Complaints

Anonymous complaints can be difficult to deal with but should not be ignored. In all cases the safety and welfare of the child/children is paramount. Any such complaints relating to inappropriate behaviour should be brought to the attention of the Contact Person. The information should be checked out and handled in a confidential manner.

Rumours

Rumours should **not** be allowed to hang in the air. Any rumours relating to inappropriate behaviour should be brought to the attention of the Contact Person and checked out without delay.

Appendix 1**New Instructor/Assistant Instructor Information Form:**

Applicants should also complete Appendix 2

Full Name:

Any surname previously:

Current Address:

Date of Birth:

List all other previous addresses:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

Place of Birth:

Telephone No(s):

National Insurance No: / PPSI

List previous experience / involvement in any other club. Include experience of working with young children in a voluntary or professional capacity:

Sporting/ NGB Qualifications:

Do you agree to abide by the guidelines contained in the KMG Ireland Code of Ethics for Krav Maga for Young People? Yes No

Have you ever been asked to leave a sporting organisation? Yes No

(If you have answered yes, we will contact you in confidence)

References:

Please supply the name and address of two people who we can contact and who, from personal knowledge, are willing to endorse your application. One of these names should be, where possible, the name of an administrator / leader in your last club / place of involvement

Name and Address of Referee 1:

Name and Address of Referee 2:

Signed _____

Date: _____

Appendix 2**DISCLOSURE OF CRIMINAL CONVICTIONS & PERMISSION FOR STATUTORY CHECKS
FOR THOSE WORKING WITH CHILDREN** (Please read this information carefully)

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Statement of non-discrimination:

KMG Ireland is committed to equal opportunity for all applicants including those with criminal convictions. Information about criminal convictions is requested to assist the selection process and will be taken into account only when the conviction is considered relevant to the post. Any disclosure will be seen in the context of the job criteria, the nature of the offence and the responsibility for the care of existing clients\customers and employees.

For the purposes of your application for the post of:

_____ it is our policy to ask for a check to be carried out by the statutory organisation responsible for this task in the jurisdiction in which you are working/volunteering

Advice to Applicants:

Please complete this form as accurately as possible and return it marked “**Confidential**” in the envelope provided. An arrangement will be made with you to discuss any clarification if required.

Thank you for your co-operation.

You **should** tell us now if you have a case pending or if you have ever been convicted of a criminal offence, or cautioned by the police, or bound over. You **should** include all offences, even minor matters such as motoring offences, and ‘spent’ conviction, that is, things which happened a long time ago. If you leave anything out it may effect your application. The disclosure of a criminal record or other information will not debar you from registration / appointment unless the NGB considers that the conviction renders you unsuitable. In making this decision the sport will consider the nature of the offence, how long ago it was committed and what age you were at the time and other factors which may be relevant.

Have you ever been convicted of a criminal offence or been the subject of a caution; a Bound Over Order; or are you at present the subject of criminal investigations?

Yes No

If so, please state below the nature, date(s) and sentence of the offence(s)

Please provide any other information you feel may be of relevance such as:

- the circumstances of the offence
- a comment on the sentence received
- any relevant developments in your situation since then
- whether or not you feel the conviction has relevance to this post.

I declare that all answers are complete and correct to the best of my knowledge and I will inform the contact person of any future convictions or charges. I consent to the check being made via the statutory authorities in which I intend to work/volunteer. I am also aware that the umbrella organisation carrying out the check, may, following discussion with myself, share the information returned with the contact person.

Signature: _____

Print Name: _____

Date: _____

Please return completed forms to: Brigid Burke, KMG Ireland, 24 The Drive, Mill Tree Park, Ratoath, Co. Meath

Appendix 3**Existing Instructors Information Form**

Instructors should familiarise themselves with the KMG Ireland Code, pages 11 - 15. Instructors should read below and agree to abide by these terms. Instructors should update the self-declaration questions annually.

As an Instructor I agree that I should

- Be positive during sessions and competitions, praise and encourage effort as well as results
- Put welfare of young person first, strike a balance between this and results
- Encourage fair play and treat participants equally
- Recognise developmental needs, ensuring activities are appropriate for the individual
- Plan and prepare appropriately
- Have experience relevant to working with young people or hold up-to-date qualifications and be committed to the guidelines in this Code
- Involve parents where possible and inform parents when problems arise
- Keep a record of attendance at training and competitions
- Keep a brief record of injury(s) and action taken
- Keep a brief record of problem/action/outcomes, if behavioural problems arise
- Report any concerns in accordance with this Code's reporting procedures

Where possible I will avoid:

- Spending excessive amounts of time with children away from others
- Taking sessions alone
- Taking children on journeys alone in my car

Instructors should not:

- Use any form of physical punishment or physical force on a child
- Exert undue influence over a participant in order to obtain personal benefit or reward
- Take children to their home

Appendix 4

Confidential Reference Form

(this form can be used as a telephone reference or used as a written reference)

The following person: _____ (list name) has expressed an interest in working with _____ (name club) as _____(list position)

If you are happy to complete this reference, any information will be treated with due confidentiality and in accordance with relevant legislation and guidance. Information will only be shared with the person conducting the assessment of the candidate’s suitability for the post, if he/she is offered the position. We appreciate you being extremely candid, open and honest in your evaluation.

How long have you known this person?

In what capacity?

What attributes does this person have that would make them suited to this work?

Please rate this person on the following (tick one box for each statement)

	Poor	Average	Good	Very Good	Excellent
Responsibility					
Maturity					
Self-motivation					
Can motivate					

others					
Energy					
Trustworthiness					
Reliability					

This post involves substantial access to young people. As an organisation committed to the welfare and protection of young people, we are anxious to know if you have any reason at all to be concerned about this applicant being in contact with children and young people

Yes No

If you answer yes, we will contact you in confidence

Signed: _____

Date: _____

Position in organisation: _____

Name of club / organisation: _____

Appendix 5
Sample Application Form for New Junior Members

CONTACT INFORMATION

Name _____

Male / Female

Address _____

Telephone – Home _____

Telephone – Mobile _____

E-MAIL _____

Date of Birth _____

MEDICAL HISTORY INFORMATION (details of any know allergies, conditions, etc.)

In the event of illness, having parental responsibility, I give permission for medical treatment to be administered where considered necessary by a nominated first aider, or by suitably qualified medical practitioners. If I cannot be contacted and my child needs emergency hospital treatment, I authorize a qualified medical practitioner to provide emergency treatment or medication.

Other information

Any other special needs, requirements or directions that would be helpful for instructors to know about

PARENTAL/GUARDIAN CONSENT

I am the Parent/Guardian of _____

Photographs

I understand that photographs will be taken during or at Krav Maga related events and may be used in the promotion of Krav Maga

I hereby consent to the above child participating in activities of KMG Ireland in line with the Code of Ethics for Young People. I will inform the leaders of my children’s activities of any changes to the information above.

I confirm that all details are correct and I am able to give parental consent for my child to participate in and travel to all activities.

SIGNATURE _____ DATE: _____